OLL 84-3390/1

25 September 1984

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Briefing for House Committee on Foreign Affairs on India

1. On 25 September 1984, the Subcommittees on Asian and Pacific Affairs and on Human Rights and International Organizations of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs were briefed on conflict between the Indian Sikh community and the Indian government. Present from the Foreign Affairs Committee were:

Stephen J. Solarz (D., NY), co-chairman Gus Yatron (D., PA), co-chairman Mervyn M. Dymally (D., CA) Mel Levine (D., CA)

Benjamin A. Gilman (R., NY) Joel Pritchard (R., WA) Gerald B.H. Solomon (R., NY)

Also attending were:

Jim Slattery (D., KA) Victor H. Fazio (D., CA)

The briefers were:

Graham Fulle South	er, National Intelligence Officer/Near East	
Doucii .	CIA/Office of Near Eastern and South Asian	25X1
Affairs		
George Harr:	is, Bureau of Intelligence and Research (INR),	
Depart	ment of State	
Also attending v	wara	25X1
	the Defense Intelligence Agency and Eliza	25X1
	er Thompson, and Elizabeth Bowen from the	20/(1
•	t A transcript was taken. (C)	

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2. The briefing opened with an explanation from
Mr. Fuller that CIA and INR had divided the 15 questions
that the Committee wanted to be briefed on and would provide
oral summaries before responding to additional questions
from the members present at the briefing. then
proceeded to briefly outline the key factors behind the
outbreak of violence between the Sikhs and the Indian
government. She described the size of the Sikh population,
the Sikh Akali Dal Party, the emergence of fundamentalist
leadersmost notably Sant Bhindranwale, the escalation of
violence in Punjab state, and the Army assault on the sacred
Golden Temple in Amritsar in June 1984. Sikh grievances
against the central government were discussed along with New
Delhi's position and response and charges that the
government has discriminated against Sikhs. With regard to
alleged Pakistani and US involvement in the conflict, the
Committee was told that the US intelligence community has no
evidence to confirm a Pakistani government role, and that
unfounded charges of US involvement repeatedly surface in
India, due partly to Soviet propaganda efforts. (C)

- 3. The segment of the briefing covered by Mr. Harris included more information about the Sikh terrorist movement led by Sant Bhindranwale, the Sikh movement for greater autonomy, the assault on the Golden Temple, and the prospects for a political settlement. Mr. Harris also discussed support to Sikhs in India from Sikh expatriates. (C)
- 4. The remainder of the briefing was consumed by a question and answer period. Members' questions focused on the validity of numerous accusations against the Indian government by Sikhs living in the US. Mr. Thompson of the State Department informed the Committee that this was an inopportune time for the US to get involved because New Delhi and the Sikhs were entering into sensitive negotiations and India was also nearing national elections in which Prime Minister Gandhi's opponents, including the Sikhs, could do well at the polls. The briefing ended with no follow-up matters and a note of appreciation to the briefers from Congressman Solarz. (C)

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